(c) The necessary steps have been taken to enhance surveillance and physical security and scanning of baggage at the Airports. The security of a large number of Airports is now looked after by CISF. The Government has also initiated several measures to prevent smuggling of arms, ammunition and explosives from across the borders, which *inter-alia* include (i) ongoing fencing of Eastern and Western borders, (ii) deployment of border guarding forces, (iii) strengthening of intelligence capacity along the borders, (iv) periodic sensitization of Border Guarding Forces and the State Governments particularly in the border States, (v) strengthening of coastal security, etc.

Economic package for Naxal affected districts

1574. SHRI GIREESH KUMAR SANGHI: Will the Minister of HOME AFFAIRS be pleased to state:

(a) how many districts have been declared Naxal-effected by Government, State-wise;

(b) whether Government have sanctioned any special economic package for the socio-economic development of these districts, as a part of anti-Naxal strategy; if so, the details of such programmes;

(c) whether the funds are delegated directly to the concerned districts, or through the State Government;

(d) who monitors implementation of such schemes; and

(e) whether it is a fact that several districts have not spent the funds delegated for such purpose; if so, the reasons therefor?

THE MINISTERY OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF HOME AFFAIRS (SHRI SHRIPRAKASH JAISWAL): (a) In 2005, Naxal violence was reported from 509 police stations in 11 States. However, 76 districts in nine States affected by the Naxalite menace are covered under SRE scheme. The State-wise details are as under:–

States	No. of Districts
Andhra Pradesh	16
Bihar	14

States	No. of Districts
Jharkhand	16
Chhattisgarh	8
Madhya Pradesh	3
Maharashtra	4
Orissa	9
Uttar Pradesh	3
West Bengal	3

(b) The Government has been pursuing a multi-pronged approach to combat the Naxal problem which, *inter-alia,* includes focused attention on integrated socio-economic development in the Naxal affected areas. Besides, funds are provided under various Centrally Sponsored Schemes (CSS) to the States for socio-economic development. The Central Government has also sanctioned Rs. 2475 crores under the Backward Districts Initiative (BDI) component of the Rashtriya Sam Vikash Yojana (RSVY) to fill in the critical gaps and physical infrastructure in the Naxal affected districts.

(c) and (d) Funds under BDI are released to the State Governments. The monitoring of implementation of the scheme is done at the district and State levels. However, the Planning Commission has also entrusted the work relating to monitoring of BDI scheme to NABARD.

(e) The level of utilization of the funds under BDI in some of the States needs to be improved. The Central Government regularly monitors the progress of utilization of funds by the States and has asked them to improve delivery mechanisms to speed up the pace of development and ensure full utilization of the assistance being provided by the Central Government.

Assistance to States for Tsunami victims

1575. SHRI VARINDER SINGH BAJWA: Will the Minister of HOME AFFAIRS be pleased to state:

(a) the total financial assistance given so far by the Centre to States and Union Territories, State and UT-wise for the relief and rehabilitation of Tsunami victims;